

INGLÉS

OPCIÓN 1

Read the text and the instructions to the questions very carefully. Answer all the questions in English.

This exhibition is not only about gold - there is also Indian and Egyptian glass. But gold is gold. This is the treasure of the Hill of Gold, from northern Afghanistan. Called the Bactrian Gold, it was discovered in 1978 by a Russian team. They found more than 20,000 individual gold items, including the golden crown of a queen. Even golden sandals.

Soon after, Afghanistan suffered a period of chaos and civil war. For a quarter of a century, Afghanistan's cultural treasures were stolen by vandals. But finally, in 2004, the gold was found, under piles of old Afghan money. And then international museums began to take the treasure on tour. And so it is now at the Musee Guimet, in Paris. The French have a long history of archaeological work in Afghanistan.

The exhibition will alter perceptions of Afghanistan - it's not just camels and Kalashnikovs, it's a fabulous mixture of cultures. There are sculptures of dancing girls. One coin shows Roman dolphins, another shows a Chinese devil. When it returns from its tour, Afghanistan's golden treasure cannot be shown to Afghans. **They will not see it, for security reasons.** What is desperately needed in Afghanistan is money to pay for education, which could be helped by the tour of the treasures. The Guimet Museum is giving one euro for each ticket sold. They expect to sell 50-100,000 tickets. It is not enough but it's something. So, for many reasons - if you can - go to Paris. Pay your extra euro and remember you've had the privilege of seeing what the Afghans cannot see.

Questions

1. Write a summary of the text in English, including the most important points, using your own words whenever possible (maximum 40 words, 1.5 points).
2. Explain in English the meaning of the following expressions as used in the text. (1.5 points: 0.75 each)
 - a) The spectacle will alter perceptions of Afghanistan.
 - b) They will not see it, for security reasons.
3. Complete the second sentence of each pair so that it has the same meaning as the first one: (2 points: 1 point each)
 - a) Afghanistan's cultural treasures were stolen by vandals.
Vandals ...
 - b) The French have a long history of archaeological work in Afghanistan.
The French have been ...
4. Answer the following questions in your own words. The information must be taken from the text. (2 points: 1 point each)
 - a) What problems has Afghanistan had in recent history?
 - b) Why is this exhibition good for Afghanistan and its people?
5. Do you think that you can learn a lot from exhibitions and museums? Why / why not? (Approximately 80 words; 3 points)

INGLÉS

Opción 2

Read the text and the instructions to the questions very carefully. Answer all the questions in English.

Taught at home by a tutor, as a child Agatha Christie never attended school. She invented games to keep herself occupied at a very young age. A shy child, she could not express her feelings; she first used music as a means of expression and, later, writing. In 1914, at the age of 24, she married Archie Christie, a pilot. While he was at war, she worked as a nurse, and, working in a hospital, Christie first had the idea of writing a detective novel.

The Mysterious Affair at Styles gave the world Hercule Poirot, a retired Belgian police officer who would become one of the most famous characters in fiction. He was a meticulous, slightly absurd little man. Christie wrote more than 30 novels where Poirot appeared. In 1926, Archie asked for a divorce. Agatha immediately disappeared, and all England became excited about “The case of the missing writer”. She was found three weeks later, explaining to police that **she had lost her memory**.

She found happiness by marrying Max Mallowan, a young archaeologist whom she met on a trip to Mesopotamia. Another of Christie’s most well-known characters was introduced in 1930: Miss Jane Marple, an elderly spinster in the English village of St. Mary Mead, who solved mysteries with concentration and intuition. Christie wrote over 66 novels, numerous short stories and screenplays. Several of her works were made into successful films, such as *Murder on the Orient Express* (1974). Her work has been translated into more than a hundred languages. In short, **she is the most popular mystery writer of all time**.

Questions

1. Write a summary of the text in English, including the most important points, using your own words whenever possible (maximum 40 words, 1.5 points).

2. Explain in English the meaning of the following expressions as used in the text:

(1.5 points; 0.75 points each)

a) she had lost her memory.

b) she is the most popular mystery writer of all time.

3. Complete the second sentence of each pair so that it has the same meaning as the first one. (2 points: 1 point each)

a) She invented games to keep herself occupied.

She invented games because ...

b) At the age of 24, she married Archie Christie.

When she ...

4. Answer the following questions in your own words. The information must be taken from the text. (2 points: 1 point each)

a) What different kinds of writing did Agatha Christie do?

b) In what ways was Agatha Christie different from most other people?

5. Do you think rich or famous people are happier than the rest of us? Give reasons. (Approximately 80 words; 3 points)

INGLÉS

Listening Test (1 point)

In this interview with Dr Richard Selzer, a doctor, teacher and writer, you are going to hear some new words. Read and listen to them. Make sure you know what they mean:

Give up (pasado “gave up”) = deixar / dejar.

Death = a morte / la muerte

Miracle = milagre / milagro

Illness = enfermidade / enfermedad

Here is the beginning of the interview.

Interviewer: Dr. Selzer, you are now 72, you worked for forty years and you retired from teaching at Yale Medical School in 2005. You have written ten books.

Dr. Selzer: Yes, that's right.

Here is an example of a question:

0. How many books has Dr Selzer written?

a. Seventy-two.

b. Ten.

c. Forty.

The correct answer is: (b)

Ready? Now read the rest of the questions and alternative answers before listening to the interview.

(3 minute pause)

Now listen to the rest of the interview. You will hear it three times. Write your answer in your examination notebook (cuadernillo). Do not write the complete answer. Only the number and the letter of the correct alternative, for example: 1c, 2d, 3a, etc. Make it clear which answer you have chosen. You must not write more than one answer for each question.

(Tapescript)

Now you will hear the text again.

(Tapescript)

Now you will hear the text for the last time.

(Tapescript)

That is the end of the Listening test. Write your answers in your examination notebook (cuadernillo) if you have not already done so. Then you can go on with the rest of the examination.

INGLÉS

Questions

1. What did Dr Selzer give up so that he could write?
 - a. Playing bridge.
 - b. Work.
 - c. His family.
2. When did he use to get up at night?
 - a. At eight o'clock.
 - b. We do not know.
 - c. One o'clock.
3. Which of the following best describes his attitude to death?
 - a. He thinks it is natural.
 - b. It is transitory.
 - c. He is afraid of it.
4. Which of the following best describes his attitude to faith in God?
 - a. He believes in miracles.
 - b. He envies people who have faith in God.
 - c. He believes that it is hard to have faith.
5. What do people often say to him?
 - a. They want to know if they will appear in his next book.
 - b. They want to know if they appeared in his last book.
 - c. They want to know if he will recognise them the next time they meet.
6. What is his opinion of the person who is writing his biography?
 - a. He likes her, but doesn't recognise himself in her book.
 - b. He is going to help her with her investigations.
 - c. He thinks she is making a mistake.
7. Dr Selzer's mother...
 - a. ...embarrassed him constantly.
 - b. ...gave him his love of words.
 - c. ...was fascinated by her son.
8. Why does he suppose that both of his parents are satisfied with him?
 - a. Because he has become a writer and a doctor.
 - b. Because he is not as poor as they were.
 - c. Because he has found love.
9. When did he write the book *Letters to a Young Doctor*?
 - a. Fifty years ago.
 - b. Twenty-five years ago.
 - c. One hundred and eighty years ago.
10. Which does he thinks is better?
 - a. To become a writer before becoming a doctor.
 - b. To become a doctor before becoming a writer.
 - c. To support your family before you become either a doctor or a writer.

INGLÉS

OPCIÓN 1

Read the text and the instructions to the questions very carefully. Answer all the questions in English.

On Sunday, Tom's grandmother died. On Monday, at school, he told them he had been to the circus. "Yesterday, Dad took us to the circus. It was great, because my grandmother has been ill, but yesterday she was much better. He didn't tell us where we were going, so I was excited. We drove for a long time.

"The circus tent was massive. I think it was white once, but **it had turned dirty grey**. And there were so many people. Dad kept me on one side and my grandmother on the other. You could smell the people and the animals.

"There were tigers," said Tom. "Right in front of us. There were clowns. But the best thing was the trapeze. High up in the roof. So high **it made your neck hurt to look up**. And four acrobats in pink and gold clothes.

Then somebody said something to the audience: "Would anyone like to try the trapeze? Nobody did, because it was too scary. Then my grandmother got up and said she would. The acrobats took my grandmother, and she climbed up the ladder to the top. Dad said she should come down, but I told him, "No, it's OK". And they took my grandmother and she flew through the air. The other man caught her easily. She's only small."

"Thank you, Tom," said Miss Atkins. "Who's next?"

Afterwards, Billy Brown and Sarah said he was a liar because no-one's grandmother could get to the top of a circus ladder. At home, Tom's house seemed strange without his grandmother in it. The only thing left of his grandmother was her book on the table, open at the page where she had been reading it.

Questions

1. Write a summary of the text in English, including the most important points, using your own words whenever possible (maximum 40 words, 1.5 points).
2. Explain in English the meaning of the following expressions as used in the text. (1.5 points: 0.75 each)
 - a) it had turned dirty grey
 - b) it made your neck hurt to look up
3. Complete the second sentence of each pair so that it has the same meaning as the first one: (2 points: 1 point each)
 - a) He didn't tell us where we were going, so I was excited.
I was excited ..
 - b) The house seemed strange without his grandmother in it.
If his grandmother had been ...
4. Answer the following questions in your own words. The information must be taken from the text. (2 points: 1 point each)
 - a) Why did Tom tell this story at school?
 - b) What kind of family does Tom have?
5. Write about the last time you had a surprise, or gave someone a surprise. (Approximately 80 words; 3 points)

INGLÉS

Opción 2

Read the text and the instructions to the questions very carefully. Answer all the questions in English.

18-year-old Devin Moore, found in the driver's seat of a car in Alabama at 7am, was driven to the local police station. He had no criminal record but was suspected of stealing the car. While being interrogated, he suddenly took the policeman's gun and shot three men dead before escaping.

If those acts of violence had been a video game, Moore would have won. He'd played it before. For months he'd sat for hours in front of a video monitor stealing cars, beating prostitutes and finally killing policemen. The game was Grand Theft Auto, which has sold over 35 million copies worldwide.

A few years ago, video games were just fun, but now realistic games played at home have become an integral part of many people's daily lives, especially for children. Child psychologists report that **children's school marks fall**, they stop playing sports and stop socializing with their friends. Research shows that their brains learn to respond in certain ways to certain stimuli, like an arrest, in Moore's case.

Video games cannot be separated from other forms of entertainment, such as magazines, books or films, many of which routinely show violence, and these games are one of many factors which could transform a player into a killer, such as a child's home life. In fact, **Devin Moore came from a broken home**; his parents separated when he was young. When arrested, he asked the police to shoot him. When the sentence of death by lethal injection was read, his words were: "Life is like a video game. You have to die sometime."

Questions

1. Write a summary of the text in English, including the most important points, using your own words whenever possible (maximum 40 words, 1.5 points).

2. Explain in English the meaning of the following expressions as used in the text:

(1.5 points; 0.75 points each)

a) children's school marks fall

b) he came from a broken home.

3. Complete the second sentence of each pair so that it has the same meaning as the first one. (2 points: 1 point each)

a) He had no criminal record but was suspected of stealing the car.

Although ...

b) Video games cannot be separated from other forms of entertainment.

You cannot ...

4. Answer the following questions in your own words. The information must be taken from the text. (2 points: 1 point each)

a) What are the negative effects of video games?

b) What other factors cause some people to become violent?

5. What can parents do to help children spend their free time in a better way? (Approximately 80 words; 3 points)

INGLÉS

LISTENING TEST (1 point)

In this interview with Sally Oliver, the mother of a famous chef, Jamie Oliver, you are going to hear some new words. Read and listen to them. Make sure you know what they mean.

Chef = chef de cociña / cocina

Reach = alcanzar

Recipe = receita de cociña / receta de cocina

Roast = carne asada

Custard = un tipo de natillas

Porridge = almorzo de avea con leite / desayuno de avena con leche

Here is the beginning of the interview.

Interviewer: Sally, can you tell us about Jamie's likes and dislikes when he was a boy?

Sally Oliver: When he was a child, he loved sausages, salmon and trout - no hamburgers for him!

Here is an example of a question:

0. What were Jamie's likes and dislikes when he was a boy?

- a. He didn't eat fish.
- b. He didn't eat hamburgers.
- c. He loved all kinds of food.

The correct answer is: (b)

Ready? Now read the rest of the questions and alternative answers before listening to the interview.

(3 minute pause)

Now listen to the rest of the interview. You will hear it three times. Write your answer in your examination notebook (cuadernillo). Do not write the complete answer. Only the number and the letter of the correct alternative, for example: 1c, 2d, 3a, etc. Make it clear which answer you have chosen. You must not write more than one answer for each question.

(Tapescript)

Now you will hear the text again.

(Tapescript)

Now you will hear the text for the last time.

(Tapescript)

That is the end of the Listening test. Write your answers in your examination notebook (cuadernillo) if you have not already done so. Then you can go on with the rest of the examination.

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Questions

1. What was the family business?
 - a. A restaurant.
 - b. A hotel
 - c. A commercial kitchen.

2. Who used to give jobs to Jamie Oliver in the kitchen?
 - a. One of the boys.
 - b. His mother and father.
 - c. The chefs.

3. Why did Jamie use to stand on a chair?
 - a. So that he didn't get dirty.
 - b. So that he could reach the things.
 - c. So that he could use his hands for everything.

4. According to Sally it is important for children to help in the cooking because...
 - a. They can learn about nutrition and then teach their own children.
 - b. It is an important part of their education.
 - c. They can become healthy.

5. At the table ...
 - a. Jamie always wanted his parents' attention.
 - b. Jamie loved having the family together.
 - c. Jamie and his sister were always talking to each other.

6. Jamie has strong ideas and opinions about ...
 - a. the recipes in his books.
 - b. the appearance of his books.
 - c. Both "a" and "b".

7. Does Jamie include any of his mother's ideas in his books?
 - a. We do not know.
 - b. No, he has nothing to learn from her.
 - c. Yes, especially the roasts.

8. When he was a child he liked ...
 - a. roast puddings and custard.
 - b. big puddings.
 - c. puddings with a lot of custard.

9. Why does Sally think that Jamie was fortunate to live in a pub?
 - a. Because he could easily find food
 - b. Because he could try foods that his mother couldn't when she was young.
 - c. Because he could buy unusual and expensive foods.

10. Which of the following does Jamie's mother NOT mention as one of the foods he liked?
 - a. Porridge.
 - b. Chicken.
 - c. Egg.